

JUST A MOMENT,
PLEASE.

We wish to say to the people of Roanoke and vicinity that our entire stock of Dry Goods, Notions, Cloaks, etc., must be closed out by December 15, and to do this we are now selling regardless of cost.

We have not only a few special bargains, but we have

Bargains in Dress Goods,

Bargains in cloaks, bargains in staple goods, and in fact everything we have at the prices at which we are now selling is a bargain. Many goods way below cost and nothing above cost.

IN DRESS GOODS

We still have nearly everything desired. All wool silk wraps, 38-inch henriettas sold for \$1, at 80 cts; all wool silk finish, 46-inch henriettas, sold for \$1, at 80 cts; all wool 46-inch henrietta, sold for 85 cts, now 62 1/2 cts; all wool 38-inch henriettas, sold for 50 cts, now 37 1/2 cts; all wool 38-inch henriettas, sold for 37 1/2 cts, now 25 cts.

IN CLOAKS

We have a full line of plush wraps, modjeskas, new markets and jackets, and we can save you the profits other houses are making.

IN STAPLE GOODS

WE HAVE

Fruit of the loom, bleached, 8 1/2 cts. Lonsdale, bleached, 8 1/2 cts. Lonsdale, cambric, 10 1/2 cts. Wamsutter, bleached, 11 cts. New York mills, 11 cts. Pride of the west, bleached, 12 1/2 cts. Merpoint, 4-4 brown cotton, 6 1/2 cts. Dundee, 4-4 brown cotton, 6 1/2 cts. Mohawk valley, 10-4 bleached sheeting for 24 cts, worth 30 cts. Utica, 10-4 bleached sheeting for 27 cts, worth 35 cts. Peppercall, 10-4 bleached sheeting, 22 1/2 cts. Clark's O. N. T. spool cotton, 4 cts. per spool, 43 cts. per dozen. It will pay you to examine our stock before purchasing.

WM. F. BAKER & CO.

134 Salem avenue.

ENTIRE STOCK

—OF—

Fresh and Desirable
Dry Goods

—AT—

COST FOR CASH.

Mr. Davis having determined to make a change in his Roanoke branch early in the ensuing year has instructed us to offer the entire stock of

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

—FROM THIS DATE AT—

COST FOR CASH!

No such opportunity has ever before offered the citizens of Roanoke to supply themselves with New, Fresh and desirable

DRY -- GOODS,

At the commencement of the season at such low figures. We mean just what we say. We shall offer the entire stock

AT COST

And invite the attention of every one to the unexampled Bargains we shall place before them.

GEO. H. DAVIS & CO.,

JULIAN H. LEV, manager.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

Rosenbaum Bros. are not selling at cost, but are offering their stock of Fall Dress Goods and Millinery cheaper than any other house in the city.

NO OLD STOCK
TO SELECT FROM.

Our goods are fresh and the selection the best, viz: All wool serges in plaid, stripes, plain and side bands, habit cloth in all colors, finest quality imported henrietta cloths, cashmeres and flannels. Our assortment of plain and fancy black dress goods cannot be excelled in quality and price. Faille silks in black and all the new fall shades. Black grosgrain silk from 90 cents to \$3.00 per yard. We will enumerate

A Few Special Bargains

Fruit of the loom cotton, 8c. per yard. 10c. gingham, fall colors, 8c. 7c. gingham, fall colors, 5c. All wool flannel, double width, 25c. And numerous other bargains throughout our establishment.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT,

—ON—

THE SECOND FLOOR.

Plush wraps of every description, viz: Long plush coats, three-quarter jackets, short jackets, modjeskas, cloth jackets and long coats, childrens and misses coats in endless varieties—all the latest styles.

Millinery Department.

We carry the largest assortment of fur and wool felt hats, birds' feathers, plumes, velvets and ribbon ever shown before in the city at greatly reduced prices. Full line of muffs and boas. We only ask an inspection of our stock before making your purchases.

ROSENBAUM BROS.

42 Salem avenue.

AS THEY SEE US.

A NEWSPAPER MAN'S VIEWS
OF ROANOKE.

EQUALLED BY FEW OTHERS.

Its Wonderful Growth in Seven Years. Population Still Increasing. The Substantiality of Its Boom. Other Views.

No city in this country, considering its age, is better known than Roanoke. This is due no less to the enterprise of her people in making known her resources than in the attraction and resources of the city itself. All who come here, whatever may have been their feelings on their arrival, are sure to go away more than satisfied with the city and her people, as the numerous letters published and private testify. Among those who have lately been here and have made a tour of the place is Mr. J. B. Ode, editor of the Frostburg, Md., Mining Journal. On his return home he told the readers several things concerning Roanoke, from which the following extracts are taken:

After writing of his trip over the Shenandoah Valley railroad he says: New buildings, towns, furnaces, and other indicia of invested capital and exerted industry are numerous until Roanoke is reached. Here the consummation of moneyed and industrial energy is found in a city of 17,000 public spirited and enthusiastic people, nearly all of whose talk and work are dedicated to the promotion of town growth and welfare.

Behind them are the two great railway corporations, the Norfolk and Western and the Shenandoah Valley, both of which are in partnership with the people to make Roanoke a big place. The headquarters of each road is located here, the former conducting an office managed by 300 clerks. Directly or indirectly the Norfolk and Western particularly has a hand in all the several furnaces, machine works, bridge works, etc., and in all enterprises needing their encouragement it is given to the full extent of their ability. "The finest hotel in Virginia" is here. Occupying a conspicuous position, it is an imposing ornament.

The city has grown wonderfully within the last seven years, and the tide of population is still incoming, bringing fresh capital and muscle, which, in turn, create business and municipal demands for more room and more improvement. The list of industries, current and prospective, is too long for statement here, but they comprise several enormous projects of development and growth. One of these contemplates the control from this point of the Pocahontas coal region, said to be the most extensive body in one deposit, of steam coal in the world. This coal, it will be remembered, runs closer than any other known motive fuel to the Georges creek product. So that in its development, Roanoke commanding its output, enjoys a guarantee of metropolitan perpetuity equalled by few inland cities.

Mr. Ode also in his article was especially grateful to Messrs. Thomas, John and Joseph Engleby now of this city, but formerly townsmen of his for the many courtesies shown him during his visit here.

MR. URNER'S VIEWS.

Roanoke a Better Town Than He Had Expected to Find.

Hon. Milton J. Urner, of Frederick, Md., and one of the most prominent republicans in the state, leaves this morning for home after having spent several days visiting relatives here.

What do you think of Roanoke? he was asked. "I had heard so much about the place before coming here," was the reply, "and had received so many papers telling wonderful stories about the town, growth and development that my expectations were raised very high. Knowing that new towns are sometimes inclined to exaggerate their advantage I naturally expected to be somewhat disappointed."

After having seen the town, however, I am prepared to say that it far exceeds my anticipations. There is a substantiality about Roanoke's boom too that is not to be found in the majority of booming towns. Your business men also evidently have faith that Roanoke will be a big place, otherwise they would not be laying out streets and building houses on the suburbs as they are doing. I am very much pleased with my visit to Roanoke."

Mr. Urner is an uncle of Mr. James S. Simmons.

The Opera House Tonight.

Frederick Warde will begin a two-nights engagement at the opera house tonight, presenting "The Mountebank" first, and "The Virginian" tomorrow night. Mr. Warde ranks among the first tragedians of the country, and will, no doubt, be greeted with a good house. The Pittsburgh Dispatch says:

"The Mountebank" is a five act drama. The plot is clean cut and simple. It is no more than this. The wife of a strolling player, Belphegor, who has two children, is persuaded to leave her husband in order to obtain luxuries for her sick daughter. Unknown to the mountebank his wife is of noble origin, and her family is in wealthy circumstances. Her family enters into a plot to draw her from the mountebank husband and succeeds. But her husband courageously pursues her and finally regains her. Mr. Warde reveals a novel strength in comedy in the earlier episodes of his impersonation of Belphegor, the mountebank. And yet successful as Mr. Warde is in his rough clowning and domestic humor, the genius of the man does not flash out until the situation becomes tragical.

Dividend Declared.

The People's Perpetual Loan and Building association has just declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent., payable on and after the 11th instant. During the thirty months in which the association has been doing business it has assisted over fifty families in building homes. Roanoke owes much of her growth and prosperity to the well-managed building associations in her midst.

FORTY-FOUR BAPTIZED.

A Large Crowd Gathers to Witness the Immersion.

Four or five thousand people lined the banks of Tinker creek, near the Norfolk and Western railroad bridge, Sunday afternoon, between 2 and 3 o'clock, and saw forty-four colored people baptized.

The applicants for baptism gathered first at one of the houses near the creek, and then proceeded to the edge of the water, where the colored pastor who performed the dipping offered up a prayer. They then entered the water, and one after another the applicants were immersed. During the baptizing there was the usual singing and shouting, and as the water was cold before the pastor got through two burly colored men entered the water and helped him perform the remainder of his duty.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

The Goings and Comings of People You Know.

Mr. David Ayres, of Danville, brother of the mayor of Danville, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. S. A. Vick, the proprietor of the Palace hotel, went to Lynchburg yesterday on business.

Mr. W. P. Camp, the Norfolk avenue merchant, left yesterday for Nelson county on a week's hunt.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Baptist church will hold a corn festival, about the second week in December.

Mr. Jacob M. Trout, who lives near this city, has been critically ill for several days past, but is now somewhat better.

Mr. O. M. Cummings, of Baltimore, agent for the Travelers Accident Insurance company, is a guest at Hotel Roanoke.

Captain John Ott, cashier of the Citizens bank, returned yesterday with his daughter, Miss Nellie, from a visit to friends in Giles county.

Mrs. James Garner, of Bedford county, arrived in the city yesterday and is visiting the families of Mr. C. T. Read and Mr. W. D. Walden.

Mrs. Segon, of Philadelphia, who has been visiting Mr. Dr. A. Z. Koenig, left for her home yesterday by way of Norfolk and Washington.

Mr. George Frazier, chief clerk in the assistant superintendent's office at the machine works, has accepted a more lucrative one in the storekeepers department there.

Colonel George P. Taylor left yesterday afternoon on the Norfolk and Western train for Norfolk and Washington to visit his daughters. He will be absent several weeks.

Senator-elect J. R. Johnson passed through the city yesterday, en route to Richmond to attend to business in the court of appeals. His majority in the district according to official count is 1,589.

IMPORTANT MEETINGS.

Four Prominent Citizens Leave for Martinsville.

Hon. H. S. Trotter and Messrs. E. H. Stewart, Joseph L. Engleby and S. W. Jamison left yesterday afternoon for Martinsville to attend meetings of the North Carolina and Virginia construction company, and of the directors of the Roanoke and Southern Railroad company. The meeting of the first corporation will take place this evening, the second tomorrow.

Messrs. Trotter, Stewart and Jamison are members of the Construction company and directors of the Railroad company, while Mr. Engleby is only a director of the latter, elected by the council to watch the city's interest in the Roanoke and Southern railroad. The questions which will come up at both meetings will relate mainly to that end of the line, but the people of this city may rest assured that the Roanoke representatives will keep their interests always in view.

The southern half of the line can be built at a much less cost than the northern half, and the company have wisely decided to build this first so as to have a basis for future operations. As that end is rapidly nearing completion it naturally follows that when the work is finished there operations will be commenced on the Roanoke half of the line, and this is just what will happen.

Another Industry for Roanoke.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Bridgewater Carriage company was called for 10 o'clock at the Young Men's Christian association hall yesterday morning, and at that hour a number put in their appearance; but owing to the absence of a quorum no regular meeting was held. It was found by comparing notes that \$20,000 had been subscribed to the stock of the company, and in a little while another thousand was added. Messrs. I. P. H. Miller, A. S. Asberry and T. P. Fishburne were appointed a committee to raise \$4,000 more, making then \$25,000 needed by Wednesday, at which time another meeting will be held and an organization effected by the election of officers and directors.

Anniversary at St. Mark's.

Dr. W. F. Conrad, of Philadelphia, delivered an able and scholarly sermon at St. Mark's church Sunday evening. His argument was based upon the charge of Paul to Timothy. The day was the 46th anniversary of Luther's birth, and the sermon was replete with instruction as to the conflicts of the reformation.

The practical conclusions of the sermon were wreathed into an appeal for more harmonious Christian service upon the basis of a scriptural confession of faith. After spending yesterday at Salem, Dr. Conrad left for Wilmington, N. C., where he appears as a fraternal delegate to the united synod.

The Petersburg Fire.

Mr. J. H. Levy, of the firm of George H. Davis & Co., dry goods and notion dealers, returned yesterday morning from a visit to Petersburg. He says previous reports greatly exaggerated the losses of the firm in Petersburg. That nearly all their losses are covered by insurance, and that the only drawback to the full trade, as they will keep all their employees in full pay until they resume business. He says about thirteen buildings on Sycamore street were destroyed by fire and that the work of rebuilding them will be commenced at once.

A FATAL FIGHT.

THE TERRIBLE TRAGEDY AT
LEXINGTON, VA.

MR. CREIDER'S ACCOUNT OF IT.

The Trouble Between Dr. Walker and Mr. Miller—A Graphic Description of the Shooting Scene.

Mr. G. F. Creider, traveling salesman for Straiton & Storms, New York cigar dealers, was in the city yesterday at the Felix hotel. Mr. Creider is a native of Rockbridge county, and was in Lexington when news reached there last Friday evening of the terrible tragedy in Brownsburg.

He visited that place on the following day and saw several eye-witnesses of the affray, from whom he obtained all the particulars of the horrible affair. He says some two weeks ago Henry Miller, a neighbor of Dr. Walker, grossly insulted the latter's wife during his absence, and when she informed her husband of it he swore Miller should die. Dr. Walker was a fine surgeon and a man of splendid physique. His courage was unquestioned. Mr. Miller also was a large man and was regarded as a brave and determined one.

Knowing that Dr. Walker would keep his word, Miller's friends advised him to have the doctor put under bond to keep the peace. He followed their advice, and at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon the case was tried before Justice Bosworth, who required Dr. Walker to give a bond of \$500 to keep the peace for twelve months. This the doctor refused to do, and the justice then told him he would have to go to jail in default. Dr. Walker then beckoned Miller to approach him, and as the latter did so he attempted to shoot him. Dave Miller, a son of Henry Miller, caught the doctor's hand, and in the scuffle that followed was shot in the back, the ball ranging towards the left groin. Dr. Walker then caught Miller by the shoulder and drawing a dirk from his bosom plunged it four or five times into Miller's side. He also cut him in the back several times. Miller dropped dead, bleeding from numerous wounds.

Just at this time a hired man and another son of Miller's drew several pistols, which were seized by Miller's friends, who began to use them on Doctor Walker. He fell to the floor mortally wounded, and his wife rushed to him and raised his head.

As she was holding his head on her lap, Jim Miller, another son of Henry Miller, came up to her and with the remark: "You are the cause of my father's death," he put the pistol to her head and fired. With the report of the pistol she fell over dead. John Miller then emptied the remaining barrels of his revolver into Dr. Walker's body.

When the shooting was over it was found that Dr. Walker had been wounded in six or eight places and that his injuries were fatal. Dave Miller's wound was also thought to be mortal.

Mrs. Walker's body and her wounded husband were taken to the doctor's residence near by and James, George and William Miller took the dead body of their father and their wounded brother to their home, a short distance from Brownsburg.

The sheriff's posse, which went from Lexington, arrested all the Miller boys except Dave, who was too badly wounded to travel, and carried them to Lexington, where they were very willing to go, as they were afraid of being roughly handled by the people city of Brownsburg, who were terribly incensed at the killing of Mrs. Walker.

Dr. Walker lingered in a semi-conscious state till Saturday morning, when he expired.

Mr. Creider says a coroner's inquest was held over the remains of Mrs. Walker and Henry Miller Saturday afternoon and a verdict rendered to the effect that Mrs. Walker had been killed by James Miller.

The people of Brownsburg, Lexington and adjoining country were terribly excited, and Mr. Creider said he would not be surprised at any time to hear that the Millers had been lynched.

Narrow Escape From Death.

Just as the east bound afternoon passenger train of the Norfolk and Western railroad came up to the depot, S. H. Clarke, an employee of the American Bridge company, was struck on the right hip by the yard engine and knocked under the passenger train.

The train was forty-five minutes late and had just stopped when the yard engine struck Clark. He was standing between the tracks at the Jefferson street crossing watching the passenger train, but was too near for safety to the track on which the yard engine was approaching him, and as a result was struck on the right hip and knocked forward under the car.

For a moment he was stunned, but a number of persons standing near rushed to his assistance. In a short time he was standing up, and in a little while was able to limp off toward the works. He will, no doubt, be stiff and sore today, although it is not believed he was seriously hurt.

Circuit Court.

In the circuit court yesterday in the case of Robinson, Tate & Co. vs. B. O. Mays, the judgment of the lower court was set aside and the case dismissed at the cost of defendant.

In the case of Josiah Friend vs. the Norfolk and Western railroad company, the plaintiff filed a bill of exceptions to the ruling of the court, which was signed and sealed and made a part of the record. Suspension of execution was also granted for sixty days for writ of error supersedeas.

In the ex parte case of J. E. Skinner, special commissioner, in the case of Carr vs. Carr, being a motion to correct assessment of taxes, it was ordered by the court that the taxes in question be equally divided between the city and county.

In the case of the Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit company, trustee, vs. Shenandoah Valley railroad company, the petition of S. P. Miller for review of the decree of April, 1888, was dismissed. The court then adjourned until the April term.

HUSTINGS COURT.

Judge William Gordon Robertson Presiding.

The case of William Ferguson, charged with felonious shooting, was continued until the 20th of this month.

The case of Charles Casey, charged with larceny, third offense, was continued until the 23rd instant at 2 p. m.

Samuel Ballentine, a native of Scotland, filed his preliminary declaration of citizenship of the United States.

B. O. Mays was appointed administrator of the estate of John G. Caswell, deceased, the bond being fixed at \$4,000.

In the case of Peter L. Fisher et al vs. Randolph Dickerson, the joint answer of Fisher, Price and others was filed and a decree was entered until the court takes time to consider the motion to dissolve and dismiss.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. William Alvay was set for a hearing on Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

SERMON TO THE SOLDIERS.

Rev. Mr. Campbell's Address to the Light Infantry.

The Presbyterian church last Sunday morning was crowded to overflowing with persons who assembled there to hear the sermon of Rev. W. C. Campbell, the pastor, to the members of the Roanoke Light Infantry company, of which he is the chaplain. The company, the number of thirty, in full uniform, under the command of Captain Brooke, attended the service, and the sermon was an able and practical one. The minister advised the company to be Christians as well as soldiers, and showed them by illustrations that some of the greatest soldiers were good Christians. He proved also to his hearers that success in business was not incompatible with honesty and uprightness, and he urged them to lead moral lives and to be like men. He referred to the enormous wealth and resources of this country and said the youths of today would have the responsibility of using the great means at their command rightly and properly, and that to do so they must rise up and be like men. The world was getting better instead of worse and all should aim to lead better lives.

Wounded at a Dance.

Last night about 9 o'clock the police received information that a man had been shot on Ninth avenue, at a dance in a low dive, and very soon Mayor Carr and Policemen Bowers, Ware and Wade were on the scene. They there learned that the wounded man was a negro named George Briggs, and that another negro named George Smith had shot him. A woman was the cause of the trouble. Smith fired five shots at Briggs, only one of which took effect, and that in the abdomen. Dr. Simpson was sent for and pronounced the man as in a very dangerous condition. The mayor and police scoured the city, searching for Smith, but at this writing, 2 a. m., he had not been caught.

How To Make Roanoke Grow?

How shall we aid Roanoke's growth? As announced in the editorial column, the TIMES from day to day will publish answers to this question from the business men and property owners of the town. Replies must be written on one side of the paper, be accompanied by the correct name and address of the person, and not exceed seventy-five words in length. The consensus of opinion obtained this way will be both interesting and valuable. Send in your answers.

Yesterday in the Market.

Monday is nearly always a dull day at the city market, and yesterday was no exception. Only fifteen wagons paid the cabbage tax there yesterday, bringing in a receipt of only \$2.20.

THE KENTUCKY TROUBLE.

Colonel Goodloe Also Meets His Death.

LEXINGTON, Ky., October 11.—Colonel Goodloe, whose desperate encounter with Colonel Swope created such a widespread sensation, died yesterday afternoon. As early as 10:30 Colonel Goodloe realized that dissolution was nearly approaching, and he then bade his family farewell and was resigned to his fate.

The desperately wounded man retained possession of his faculties to the end and never once lost the nerve which he has displayed from the time the fatal bullet struck him.

Goodloe died peacefully and painlessly, surrounded by his family and a few close friends. He joined the Episcopal church before he died, and was baptized this morning.

The entire city is in the deepest mourning over his death, and the flag on the government building has been put at half mast. The funeral will be held here tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

All the members of the family were at the dying man's bedside except Major Green Clay Goodloe, his brother, who did not get here until tonight.

Goodloe's statement of the difficulty after he was told that he could not live, makes Swope the aggressor, as he drew his revolver and shot Goodloe, just as the latter got his knife open. Goodloe said that feeling he had received a death wound he cut him until he fell.

Hundreds of telegrams of sympathy have been received by his family.

Jem Smith Punished.

LOXDOX, November 11.—The fight between Pete Jackson, the colored Australian pugilist, and Jem Smith, the English champion, took place at the Pelican club, as arranged. The fight was for a purse of £1,000, subscribed by members of the club.

Jackson out fought Smith for two rounds, whereupon the English fighter deliberately cross-buttocked Jackson. The referee then gave Jackson the victory.

General Mahone Will Charge Fraud.

PETERSBURG, Va., November 11. General Mahone is busily engaged preparing a paper which is to be used in the shape of an address to the republicans of the state. In it he will set forth the causes which, in his opinion, led to his defeat and that of the whole republican ticket. General Mahone says he has a good many facts to collect which are to be embodied in the circular. He will charge the democrats with the most outrageous fraud.

CATHOLIC DAY.

OPENING OF THE CONGRESS IN
BALTIMORE.

CABLEGRAM FROM THE POPE.

Hundreds of Delegates in Attendance. A Great and Distinguished Gathering—Speeches by Eminent Orators.

BALTIMORE, November 11.—The 1,200 delegates to the first congress of the Catholic laymen of the United States was called to order shortly before noon today by Hon. W. J. Onahan, of Chicago. Every seat in the Concordia hall was filled and the galleries crowded with spectators. The first applause of the assembly was elicited by the entrance of ex-Governor John Lee Carroll with a bishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Onahan, Archbishop Ireland, invoked Divine blessing.

Spirited remarks, introducing ex-Governor Carroll as temporary chairman. Mr. Onahan mentioned the name of Pope Leo. Instantly there was heart clapping and cheers all over the hall, soon growing into a tumultuous enthusiasm. There was a notable and shouted greeting to the pope, and Mr. Onahan said he hoped not far from the international congress of Catholics at Washington.

Ex-Governor Carroll, who was seated in the front row, said: "It will be a great pleasure to me to see this congress, law does it ask, we would suggest, eminence, cardinal, of timore and the day who now survive of the authority of the United States, that this congress, by begun, will be the of others yet to come, as Catholics of the United States look to these congresses with satisfaction. Congress has two great purposes at heart—the progress of the Catholic and the continued prosperity of the American people. (Applause long continued.)

The following cablegram from Rome was read:

"His Eminence Cardinal Gibbon Baltimore: Having made known to his father the expressions of devotion conveyed to him on the part of the Catholic congress to be held in Baltimore, his holiness graciously bids me say that he most affectionately imparts his blessing to all the members."

(Signed) M. CARD. RAMPOLLA. Daniel Dougherty, of New York, was invited by the chairman to address congress pending the appointment of committees. The famous orator, who more than once has placed in nomination the presidential candidate of one of the great parties of the country in the national convention, and held those great assemblies, spelled bound with his superb eloquence, was today in his best form and voice. He was given a perfect ovation by the congress.

THE SITUATION IN IOWA.

The Democrats May Be Able to Secure a United States Senator.

CHICAGO, November 11.—A dispatch to the News from Des Moines, Iowa, says there is evidently going to be lively times in the legislature. The republican majority is so small that every effort will be brought to bear for the defeat of Senator Allison and the enactment of a high license law.

Whether either of these can be accomplished remains to be seen. Already democrats are casting about for a suitable candidate for the United States senate for whom a few republicans can be induced to vote. Flushed with their victory in the election of governor, they naturally turn to their successful candidate as the most available man, but there is a stumbling block in the shape of the probable defeat of their candidate for lieutenant governor, in which event to take Mr. Boies out of the governor's chair would be to put the republican lieutenant governor in it.

There seems to be little doubt now that the liquor law would be changed somewhat, even to the extent of the enactment of the high license law. This is not only the desire of the democratic party, but seems to be the will of the majority of the people, as expressed at the polls last Tuesday. Already republican leaders like Congressman Henderson and Reed, and republican papers like the Sioux City Journal have not hesitated to say that prohibition was the prime cause of the republican defeat, and to express a belief that the high license law will be enacted this winter. The republican party, as a party, has never espoused the prohibition cause, but has always stood in the attitude of carrying out the will of the people. Now it seems to be the feeling of the people that they have had enough of the extreme prohibition and are willing to return to high license. It will be an easy matter for enough republicans in the legislature to combine with the democrats and give them the change demanded.

Bank Officers Convicted.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—The supreme court of the United States today rendered opinion affirming the judgment of the supreme court of North Carolina in the case of Cross and White, president and cashier respectively of the State National bank of Raleigh, N. C. The crime with which they were charged was the forgery of a promissory note and the making of a false entry in the books of the bank for the purpose of receiving the National bank examiners as to the financial condition of the bank. It was contended in behalf of Cross and White that their offense was cognizable in the federal and not in the state courts. The supreme court decides against the convicted bank officers and in favor of the state.